Customer
Iberdrola Ingeniería
Spain
System Integrator
IBERINCO

Iberdrola Renewable Energies Toledo Operation Center

PcVue is the CORE SCADA solution for efficient remote control of wind farms

Iberdrola Renewables is the world leader in electricity production from renewable sources, in particular from wind power. Founded in 1995 by merging several engineering companies, Iberdrola Ingeniería y Construcción is an energy operations center at Toledo, near Madrid, that manages and remotely controls ten wind farms across all the regions of Spain. The firm is responsible for the installations in terms of electrical generation, distribution and
control. It ensures services that comprise project management, engineering, supply, construction and operational support. Iberdrola Renewables aim is to provide the service without geographical limits.

In the context of a project for supervision and control of modern wind power systems, Iberdrola Ingeniería has chosen ARC Informatique’s PcVue software for its reliability, scalability and high performance in a Client-Server data architecture.

The main objective of the project was to make the information from the wind farms, especially alarms and historical data, available remotely.

The control system at each site samples the main operational data from the generators and the various substations. These systems are connected to the CORE (Iberdrola’s Renewable Energies Operation Center) via long-distance communication links.

CORE uses this data to identify and diagnose potential problems and respond with corrective action. Previously each wind farm was monitored from one local SCADA station and the operators sent the data in by telephone. All the required data were saved to disk and then forwarded for manual data recording.

For remote monitoring of the wind farms and so for remote control through a dedicated VSAT network, Iberdrola Renewables has chosen to install in the CORE an OPC based architecture with PcVue SCADA server and FrontVue clients.

PcVue and FrontVue are both Windows-based software packages capable of managing millions of I/O points online from thousands of devices. The PcVue-FrontVue SCADA system in the CORE has been implemented to provide the operators with all the required information regarding alarms from the turbines.

Up to 2.4 million data items are monitored by the FrontVue client stations, which communicate via OPC with the front end over a 1,000 Mbps redundant TCP/IP Ethernet network. Each front end can receive up to 70,000 I/O points.

Currently they are 30 redundant PcVue servers that manage a million real-time variables and the network can be extended without limits or structural changes.
An easy, efficient process

Using the PcVue-FrontVue architecture, the operators can analyze the data from the remote wind farms in detail.

Given the huge volume of data (around 350 points per turbine) and so as to ease maintenance operations, the supervision takes place at two levels:

- The upper level gives a panoramic view of the most significant alarms, data values and counters, as required for monitoring the turbines and to detect faults that require intervention;
- The next level is more detailed to enable better analysis of all the data from the turbines so that the operators can immediately and accurately diagnose problems and take appropriate action.

All of the data received are processed by way of set points, historical data, alarms and trends.

The solution implemented with the PcVue SCADA software has allowed a remarkable reduction in maintenance costs, while centralizing all the information from the remotely controlled plants.

Main technical features
- 2.4 million points
- 270 wind farms
- 3500 Megawatts
- 6000 turbines
- 30 redundant PcVue servers

Results
- PcVue solution provides centralized information and remote control of wind farms
- PcVue solution operators maintain control wind farms and perform corrective actions to reduce maintenance costs
Customer
Iberdrola Renewables Inc.

USA

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Iberdrola Renewable
Energies Portland
Operation Center

PcVue is the nerve center of a solution for centralized control of wind farms across the United States

Wind energy is the fastest-growing source of energy in the world and a tremendous source of homegrown power. And Iberdrola Renewables has a nerve center in the wind industry at its National Control Center in Portland, Oregon.

Iberdrola Renewables is the largest provider of wind energy in the world and the second-largest provider in North America, helping utilities to ‘green up’ their energy portfolios. The Center is professionally staffed 24/7/365 to provide energy management, scheduling and generation dispatch. These capabilities help the
customers of Iberdrola Renewables to manage risks and uncertainty in the natural
gas and power generation industries while fulfilling energy requirements with
clean, sustainable power. The company began operating in Oregon in 2001
with 12 employees. At that time it was called PPM Energy and was part of
Scottish Power. As of 2010, more than 850 workers throughout the United
States maintain, develop, build and operate over 3,500 megawatts of wind
power and other energy facilities in 20 states. With a goal of adding about
1,000 megawatts of new renewables each year, this exceeds the capacity of any
other renewable energy supplier in the U.S.

The latest operation at Iberdrola Renewables is the National Control Center.
Located in a room that looks a little like NASA’s Mission Control, systems
analysts oversee every turbine at every wind farm throughout the country,
24/7. They monitor the performance and efficiency of every turbine. They
keep an eye on approaching storms to warn technicians in the field to
get to safety before harsh weather hits. They even help scientists conduct
groundbreaking wildlife research at wind farms. And they help the nation’s
various transmission system operators ensure grid reliability to keep the lights
on under any circumstance!

A vital element of this operation is the SCADA system. Each wind turbine has a
control box at the top containing a PLC, power converter, control boards and I/O
device. Sensors for wind speed, wind direction, shaft rotation speed and numerous
other factors collect and transfer data to the PLC. By detecting the direction of the
wind, the control system can use a motorized yaw gear to turn the entire turbine
in the proper direction for maximum power generation. All turbines are connected
to a Local Area Network (LAN), with each wind tower’s control box using Ethernet
to link to the base of the tower where there is a fiber-based, redundant ring LAN
connection. The LAN is connected to a remote control station running a control
system that manages and collects data, adjusts turbine settings and provides
intelligent alarm, troubleshooting and reporting capabilities via the central facility.

The National Control Center has a powerful SCADA system supplied by PcVue that
acts as a ‘nerve center’ for all of the wind farms. It connects to this central control
room the individual turbines, substations, meteorological stations, bird/bat avian

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**Business objective**

Monitor and control of wind farms installed across the US, from one location

Manage a big data system

Scalable at high growth rate
radar and other surveillance systems for preserving wildlife. It provides visibility for the operator to supervise the behavior of all the wind turbines in all of the wind farms. By keeping a record of activity on a time-interval basis, the SCADA allows the operator to determine what adjustments and corrective action, if any, need to be taken. It also records energy output, availability and error signals. It offers the capability to implement any compliance requirements and to control (among other matters) the power factor, voltage and reactive power production. This is to manage the wind farms’ contributions to network voltage and frequency control. It also enables operators to manage power output based on real-time grid requirements.

The SCADA communicates with the turbines via a communications network that uses optical fiber for almost all its links. Iberdrola Renewables uses turbines of various types and each turbine supplier provides their own control/HMI system. The major advantages of using PcVue as the main SCADA system are that it is neutral to turbine suppliers and is not tied to any one PLC vendor so it can be free to provide data reporting and analysis formats irrespective of turbine type. PcVue is one of the few SCADA providers on the market that is not owned by a PLC provider and is able to invest wholly in its core competency, which is about robust, high performance SCADA systems. This was of particular importance to Iberdrola who have wind farm operators using many turbine types and a myriad of PLC types.

The Iberdrola team also really liked how PcVue is user-friendly and easy to configure. Its ability to iconize animated mimics and use pop-up windows reduced the risk of overlaying crucial information and helped to simplify the SCADA view. Also, the creation of templates for contents and behavior ensures consistency of all animations in mimics. Iberdrola uses multi-level access rights and menus associated with each user to ensure that navigation within the application is tailored to the needs and permissions of each individual. This ensures a layer of security, traceability and control for users’ actions.

Iberdrola Renewables has been in the global energy business since 2000. In the past with a small number of wind turbines transmitting energy into the grid, the process of entry to the industry was fairly easy. Currently, congestion has become a large issue with wind energy suppliers balancing energy production with available inputs for transmission. Requirements are quite strict, thus Iberdrola has designed an integrated system using curtailment via set-points to manage the generation profile on a real-time basis. They are working towards a more scalable system to suit the next generation of renewable energy markets.

According to the Managing Director, Head of Operations Services – Wind Operations for Iberdrola Renewables in Portland, Oregon, “we are installing wind turbines to operate in harmony with other sources such as nuclear power, solar, hydro and other energy in a netting arrangement to optimize performance. We are on the cutting edge.”

To manage their growing business, Iberdrola Renewables has developed fiber optic networks on their wind farms in the U.S. along with the National Control Center that is a state of the art facility located in Portland, Oregon.

PcVue’s centralized configuration provides the capabilities for management and traceability of the various application versions and changes. It also supports
automatic updating of the stations that make up the supervisory system. At each start-up of a station on the network, PcVue automatically runs consistency checks of the application versions in use. Without geographical limitations, the Operation Center has a global potential to supply energy management services to any owner of such facilities. The facilities in the U.S. are currently producing 3,600 megawatts of wind power across 50 independent power plants. Iberdrola maintains 2,479 wind turbines.

Each wind turbine supplies about 300 to 350 data points, which equates to approximately 700,000 to 850,000 I/O data points on more than 22 servers. To cope with the diverse demands of maintaining Iberdrola’s wind farms, the PcVue application’s alarms are highly configurable. Alarm messages may be printed, viewed in alarm lists and archived.

Operators configure the behavior of alarms by using groups, filters, sorting, acknowledgement and masking. They also create alarm counters and associate specific actions with any alarm. Alarms can be acknowledged by operators directly from mimics and those actions can be broadcast automatically to all nodes on the network.

Iberdrola Renewables is using OPC as the communications protocol, along with other protocols, to pull data from the various PLCs. Wind farm applications often use OPC™ and the KEPsServerEX™ driver to communicate seamlessly with diverse systems. Iberdrola uses PcVue’s OPC Data Access Client and the OPC DA XML Client for exchange of real-time data with communication servers, plus the OPC DA Server to facilitate data exchange with third party applications.

All of the data acquisition that occurs is routed back to the National Control Center. The development team at the National Control Center in Oregon found the PcVue Solution to be reliable, scalable and easy to configure. CORE had been kept up and running very successfully. PcVue provides a single user view that allows an easy visual display and overall management of the myriad systems in place from the PLC, HMI and control system equipped on the turbines.
According to the Managing Director of the Control Center, “As we monitor avian migration and weather in addition to controlling and managing our turbines, we needed a system that would provide a simple, easy to read GUI so that we can react at a moment’s notice.”

The new PcVue SCADA software integrates and connects with the wind turbines via the PcVue-GUI interface acting as a light client to the PcVue application and managing up to 2.5 million data elements. This configuration provides the operator with all required information about the turbine signals.

Iberdrola Renewables is utilizing this distributed client-server architecture with a redundancy mechanism to ensure that the design is fault tolerant.

Using PcVue’s built-in redundancy features, Iberdrola Renewables is able to ensure continuity of data collection in the event of failure of a system component. PcVue also supports dual networks both for communication with field equipment and among PcVue stations.

Each component and each station in the configuration has a validity status to enable the operators to view the condition of the system in real time. These client stations are communicating via OPC with the redundant communication front ends connected to the 1,000 Mbps TCP/IP Ethernet network. Each front-end is able to receive up to 100,000 I/Os.
Using the PcVue architecture, operators can see in depth details of the data from the remote wind farms in a real-time status display. The supervision is arranged on two levels to handle the large volume of information (around 350 signals per turbine) and to facilitate operation and maintenance of the facilities.

A first supervisory level provides an overview of the most relevant alarms, values and counters, which is enough to supervise the turbines in a normal situation and to detect failures that need to be corrected. A second, more detailed level of supervision is triggered on request to display selected data from the turbine so that the operators can immediately and precisely diagnose any failures that have occurred and determine remedial operations. The data received can be processed as set points, historical records, alarm management, trending and so forth.

The control system in each installation collects the main operational information from the generators and their associated substation. The control system is connected to the National Control Center through a remote communication channel, which eases maintenance. The Center receives this information and processes it into an organized and simplified structure that enables easy identification and diagnosis of failures. This triggers the appropriate actions for its solution: remote reset or activation of local maintenance teams. As a result, average downtime decreases and availability is increased.